The 6th International Young Naturalists'Tournament

## Problem № 11 «Fame»



# Team «12FM» Petr Semenikhin 

## The task

Some people in the modern World are considered 'famous' since they frequently appear in the news, TV, and social media. Suggest a quantitative parameter of such 'fame', and build lists of persons that are sorted according to this parameter.

## Hypothesis

Fame of a person is strongly related to his achievements and merits

## Aim of the study

Build lists of people sorted by the number of Google webpages mentioning them

## Objectives

1. Study the literature;
2. Formulate hypothesis and aim of the study;
3. Build lists of the Nobel laureates in Literature from 1901 to 1949 sorted by the value of their fame;
4. Define how the fame correlates with the achievement;
5. Substantiate the conclusions.

## Theory

These days there is an easily assessable index to fame: the number of web pages (as found using Google) that mention the person in question (number of Google hits).


## Theory

The Nobel Prize in Literature is a Swedish literature prize that has been awarded annually, since 1901.

It is one of the five Nobel Prizes established by the will of Alfred Nobel in 1895 and it has become the world's most prestigious literature prize.


Sully Prudhomme (1839-
1907) was the first person to
be awarded the Nobel Prize in
Literature

## Research Methods

We entered the laureate's name and „Noble Prize" when searching


About 90,500 results ( 0.59 seconds)
Number of Google hits (December 1, 2017)

It is worth noting that the number of Google hits changes rapidly with time.

## Experiment 1

Purpose: to build lists of the Nobel laureates in Literature (1901-1949) sorted by the value of their fame.

| Year of award | Name | Fame (November 2017) | Year of award | Name | Fame (November 2017) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1925 | George Bernard Shaw | 11400000 | 1946 | Hermann Hesse | 929000 |
| 1949 | William Faulkner | 10000000 | 1947 | André Gide | 748000 |
| 1929 | Thomas Mann | 9640000 | 1927 | Henri Bergson | 441000 |
| 1907 | Rudyard Kipling | 8590000 | 1937 | Roger Martin du Gard | 414000 |
| 1948 | T. S. Eliot | 7810000 | 1945 | Gabriela Mistral | 399000 |
| 1938 | Pearl S. Buck | 6380000 | 1934 | Luigi Pirandello | 298000 |
| 1930 | Sinclair Lewis | 3960000 | 1915 | Romain Rolland | 264000 |
| 1913 | Rabindranath Tagore | 3300000 | 1905 | Henryk Sienkiewicz | 220000 |
| 1936 | Eugene $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ Neill | 2430000 | 1909 | Selma Lagerlöf | 215000 |
| 1923 | William Butler Yeats | 1460000 | 1911 | Maurice Maeterlinck | 187000 |
| 1921 | Anatole France | 1150000 | 1904 | Frédéric Mistral | 177000 |

Table 1. The first 22 writers ranked by the number of Google hits

## Fame of Nobel Laureates in Literature 1901-1944 (search results in English)

## Fame of Nobel Laureates in Literature 1901-1944 (search results in Russian)



Fame of Nobel Laureates in Literature 1901-1944 (search results in German)


Fame of Nobel Laureates in Literature 1901-1944 (search results in French)


## Experiment 2

The Academy Awards, also known as the Oscars, are a set of 24 awards for artistic and technical merit in the

American film industry, given annually by the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences.

The Academy Award for Best
Actress is given in honor of an actress who has delivered an outstanding performance in a leading
 role while working within the film industry.

## Experiment 2

Purpose: to define how does the „achievements" of the Oscar winners depend on their fame.

| Nomin <br> ations | Name | Fame <br> April 2018) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | Katharine Hepburn | $\mathbf{3 3 6 0 0 0 0}$ |
| 10 | Bette Davis | 2720000 |
| 7 | Deborah Kerr | 2260000 |
| 7 | Norma Shearer | 2120000 |
| 7 | Audrey Hepburn | 1180000 |
| 7 | Ingrid Bergman | 2130000 |
| 6 | Greer Garson | $\mathbf{1 7 3 0} 000$ |
| 5 | Susan Hayward | 1490000 |
| 5 | Shirley MaClaine | $\mathbf{1 1 3 0 0 0 0}$ |
| 4 | Jane Wyman | $\mathbf{1 1 3 0 0 0 0}$ |
| 4 | Barbara Stanwyck | 1120000 |


| Nomin ations | Name | Fame (April 2018) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Greta Garbo | 1010000 |
| 4 | Joanne Woodward | 978000 |
| 4 | Irene Dunn | 974000 |
| 4 | Eleanor Parker | 971000 |
| 4 | Vanessa Redgrave | 935000 |
| 4 | Olivia de Havilland | 908000 |
| 4 | Janet Gaynor | 900000 |
| 3 | Glenda Jackson | 888000 |
| 3 | Gloria Swanson | 852000 |
| 3 | Anne Bancroft | 845000 |
| 3 | Rosalind Russell | 836000 |

Table 3. The first 22 laureates, ranked by the number of nominations for actress

## Experiment 2

A scatter plot of the actress's fame versus the number of her nominations for Oscar


## Experiment 2

## calculation of correlation coefficient

$$
\begin{gathered}
r=\frac{n\left(\sum x y\right)-\left(\sum x\right)\left(\sum y\right)}{\sqrt{\left[n \sum x^{2}-(\Sigma x)^{2}\right]\left[n \Sigma y^{2}-\left(\sum y\right)^{2}\right]}} \\
r=\frac{50 \cdot 189631200-160 \cdot 38162000}{\sqrt{\left(50 \cdot 724-160^{2}\right) \cdot\left(50 \cdot 53637946080000-38162000^{2}\right)}} \approx 0.9366
\end{gathered}
$$

Conclusion: a high value of the coefficient means that the popularity of the actress strongly depends on the number of her nominations for Oscar.

## Experiment 3

Purpose: to define relation between different measures of fame.
A scatter plot of number of Google hits versus number of books


## Conclusions

1) Thus, we proved that there is a very strong relation between popularity of Oscar winners and number of their nominations and defined correlation between two different measures of fame
2) We've made lists of the Nobel laureates in Literature from 1901 to 1949 sorted by the value of their fame

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